

THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



Victoria F. Sheehan Commissioner

November 7, 2016

William Cass, P.E. Assistant Commissioner

Gino Infascelli Wetlands Bureau NH Department of Environmental Services 29 Hazen Drive Concord, NH 03301

Re: Bedford, 13953, X-A-000(143)
Amendment Submittal - NHDES Permit #2016-02893

Mr. Infascelli:

As discussed with the Natural Resource Agencies on October 19, 2016 (minutes attached), the project impacts to the streams were clarified and the appropriate mitigation for the proposed stream impacts throughout the project were assessed. In accordance with the plan of action discussed during the meeting, the following determinations were made on the project stream impacts.

- 1. The Tributary to Riddle Brook (Wetland #13) Approximately 21 linear feet of the existing stone apron is being put back where it currently exists, this is a repair of an existing structure and mitigation is not required (Station 123+00R).
- 2. The Tributary to Riddle Brook (Wetland #14) Approximately 155 linear feet of the existing man-made stone lined channel will be filled in and a stone-lined ditch re-created to the north of the existing channel. Mitigation will consist of planting live stakes 5 feet up from the ditch line on the roadway side of Red Osier Dogwood and Sand Bar Willow. These will be planted alternating species in groups of 5 in two rows, 5 feet on-center along the south slope of the new channel to provide for re-vegetation along the channel (Station 123+50L to 125+00L).
- 3. At Wetland #36 on Meetinghouse Road It was determined that there is no intermittent stream located at the culvert outlet at Station 19+90L and therefore only wetland impacts will be calculated in this area.
- 4. The Tributary to Bowman Brook (Wetland # 54) Approximately 518 linear feet of the channel will be impacted due to the widening of NH 101. A new stone-lined channel will be constructed to the south along the proposed roadway slope. Mitigation along the roadside will consist of live stakes 5 feet up from the ditch line of Silky Dogwood and Speckled Alder planted alternating species in groups of 5 in two rows, 5 feet on-center of the new channel. Mitigation along the wetland side will consist of planting live stakes of Silky Dogwood and Speckled Alder planted in a single row in groups of 5 alternating species, 5 feet on-center to provide for the re-vegetation along the new channel (Station 186+30R to 191+00R).
- 5. The Tributary to Bowman Brook (Wetland #57) The impacts were revised to correct errors noted in the quantification of the impacts (Station 193+00R).
- 6. The Tributary to Bowman Brook (Wetland # 58) Approximately 50 linear feet of the existing stone apron is being put back where it currently exists, this is a repair of an existing structure and mitigation is not required (Station 200+10R). Additionally, the impacts were revised to correct errors noted in the quantification of the impacts.

Additionally, the DOT proposes that the Bank impacts to Riddle Brook (Wetland #7) at Station116+10L to 116+50L (Impact 7C, 41 linear feet), and the Tributary to Riddle Brook (Wetland #3) at Stations

110+20R to 114+00R (Impact 3A, 375 linear feet) and at Stations 114+70R to 116+50R (Impact 3B, 169 linear feet) are self-mitigating as the impacts, though permanent, will consist of reshaping the existing grassed roadway slopes and will not impact any shrubs or trees located adjacent to the channel of Riddle Brook nor to the Tributary to Riddle Brook. The new slopes will be stabilized and reseeded with standard slope seeds.

Additional mitigation will be provided through an In-Lieu fee to the NHDES Aquatic Resource Mitigation (ARM) Fund of \$775,335.57 for Wetlands and \$101,446.56 for Streams impacts, for a total In-Lieu fee payment of **\$876,782.13** into the ARM fund.

Attached are revised Wetland Plans dated November 3, 2016 showing the revised impacts and that include the revised Wetland Impact Summary Table, Item 650.2 - Planting Proposal, and the revised Aquatic Resource Mitigation (ARM) Fund calculator form for the wetland and stream impacts.

In summary, the Revised impacts of the project are:

- **Permanent** impacts to **Wetlands** consisting of **153,267 square feet** (used in ARM fund Wetland Impact Calculator).
- Permanent impacts to Streams consisting of 6.379 square feet.
- Permanent impacts to Banks consisting of 19,489 square feet.
- Temporary impacts to Wetlands and Streams consisting of 56,415 square feet.
- Permanent linear impacts to Perennial Streams channels of 774 linear feet (80 linear feet of channel used in ARM fund Stream Impact Calculator).
- Temporary linear impacts to Perennial Streams channels of 149 linear feet.
- **Permanent** linear impacts to **Banks** of **2,046 linear feet** (334 linear feet of bank used in ARM fund Stream Impact Calculator.
- Temporary linear impacts to Banks of 164 linear feet.

The amended plans dated November 3, 2016 have been posted on the Departments' website and can be accessed via the following link: http://www.nh.gov/dot/org/projectdevelopment/environment/units/program-management/wetland-applications.htm.

The lead people to contact for this project are Victoria Chase, Project Manager (vchase@dot.nh.gov) or Marc Laurin, Senior Environment Manager, Bureau of Environment (271-3226 or mlaurin@dot.nh.gov).

If and when this application amendment meets with the approval of the NHDES, please send the permit directly to Matt Urban, Wetlands Program Manager, Bureau of Environment

Sincerely.

Mått Urban

Wetland Program Manager NHDOT Bureau of Environment

(603) 271-7969

MRU:MGL:mgl Enclosures

cc: Bureau of Environment (Original) Lori Sommer, NHDES Wetlands

Bureau, w/attachments

Ted Diers, NHDES Watershed Bureau, w/attachments Michael Hicks, USACOE, w/attachments Beth Evarts, Bedford Con. Comm., w/attachments Victoria Chase, Project Manager Kevin Nyhan, Bureau of Environment

2016 VALUES

2016 VALUES	
	Equalized
TOWN	Value per Acre
ACWORTH	1,510
ALBANY	800
ALEXANDRIA	2,373
ALLENSTOWN	5,874
ALSTEAD	2,211
ALTON	17,462
AMHERST	28,408
ANDOVER	3,565
ANTRIM	3,245
ASHLAND	10,784
ATKINSON	35977
AUBURN	18,641
BARNSTEAD	6,141
BARRINGTON	10,286
BARTLETT	4,937
BATH	1,592
BEAN'S GRANT	380
BEAN'S PURCHASE	380
BEDFORD	35,977
BELMONT	10,881
BENNINGTON	3,345
BENTON	380
BERLIN	720
BETHLEHEM	916
BOSCAWEN	4,587
BOW	17,421
BRADFORD	3,147
BRENTWOOD	16,545
BRIDGEWATER	12,396
BRISTOL	9,928
BROOKFIELD	2,213
BROOKLINE	14,979
CAMBRIDGE	380
CAMPTON	3,521
CANAAN	3,594
CANDIA	8,052
CANTERBURY	3,365
CARROLL	2,382
CENTER HARBOR	22,597
CHANDLER'S PURCH	380
CHARLESTOWN	2,012
CHATHAM	476

DES AQUATIC RESOURCE MITIGATION FUI WETLAND PAYMENT CALCULATION ***INSERT AMOUNTS IN YELLOW CELLS***

1	Convert square feet	of impact to acr
INSERT SQ FT OF IMPACT	Square feet of impact	
		43560.00
	Acres of impact =	3.5185
2	Determine acreage o	
	Forested wetlands:	5.2778
	Tidal wetlands:	10.5556
	All other areas:	5.2778
3	Wetland construction	1 cost:
	Forested wetlands:	\$456,233.95
	Tidal Wetlands:	\$912,467.91
	All other areas:	\$456,233.95
4	Land acquisition cos	t (See land valu
INSERT LAND VALUE	Town land value:	35977
FROM TABLE WHICH	Forested wetlands:	\$189,879.02
APPEARS TO THE LEFT.	Tidal wetlands:	\$379,758.05
(I <mark>nsert the amount do not</mark>	All other areas:	\$189,879.02
copy and paste.)	7 th other areas.	ψ109,079.02
5	Construction + land c	osts:
	Forested wetland:	\$646,112.98
	Tidal wetlands:	\$1,292,225.95
	All other areas:	\$646,112.98
C	DES Administrative co	
	Forested wetlands:	\$129,222.60
-	Tidal wetlands:	\$258,445.19
<u> </u>	All other areas:	\$129,222.60
******	TOTAL ARM PAYMEN	T*****
	Forested wetlands:	\$775,335.57
-		\$775,335.57 \$1,550,671.15

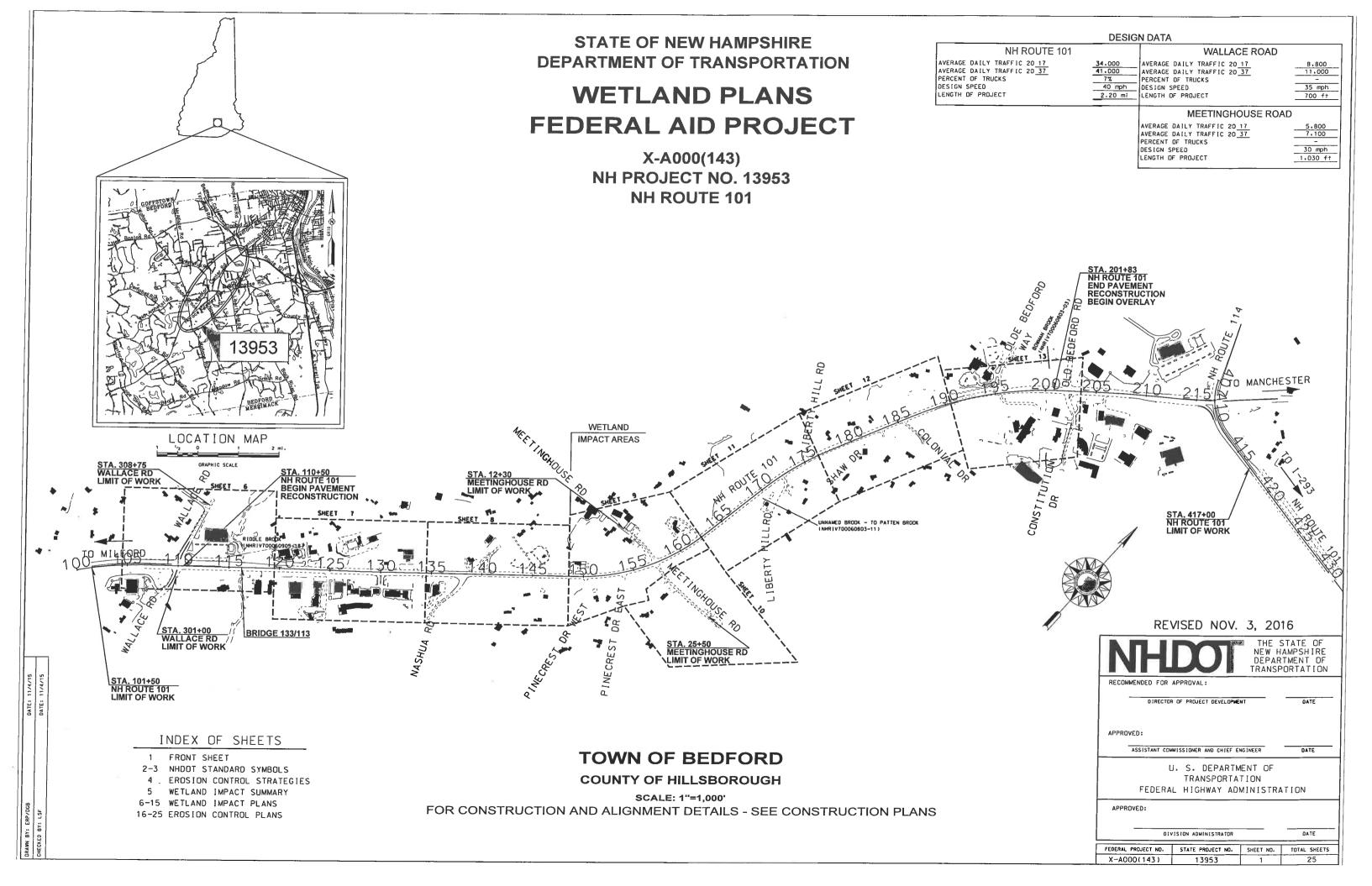
DES AQUATIC RESOURCE MITIGATION FUND STREAM PAYMENT CALCULATION **INSERT LINEAR FEET OF** IMPACT on BOTH BANKS AND CHANNEL **Right Bank** 334.00 Left Bank Channel 80.0000 **TOTAL IMPACT** 414.0000 Stream Impact Cost: \$84,538.80 **DES Administrative cost:** \$16,907.76 ****** TOTAL ARM FUND STREAM PAYMENT******* \$101,446.56

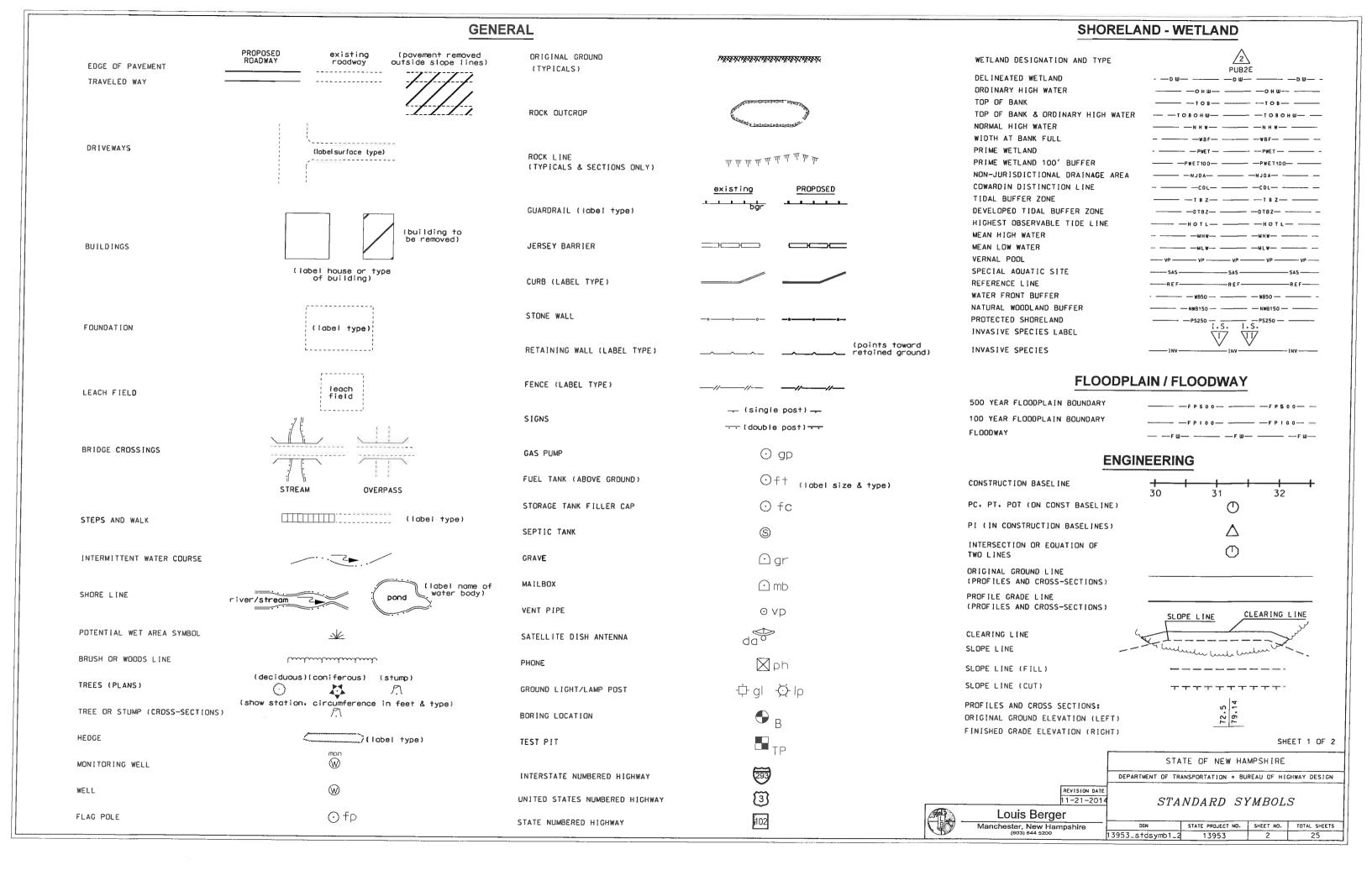
With Deductions

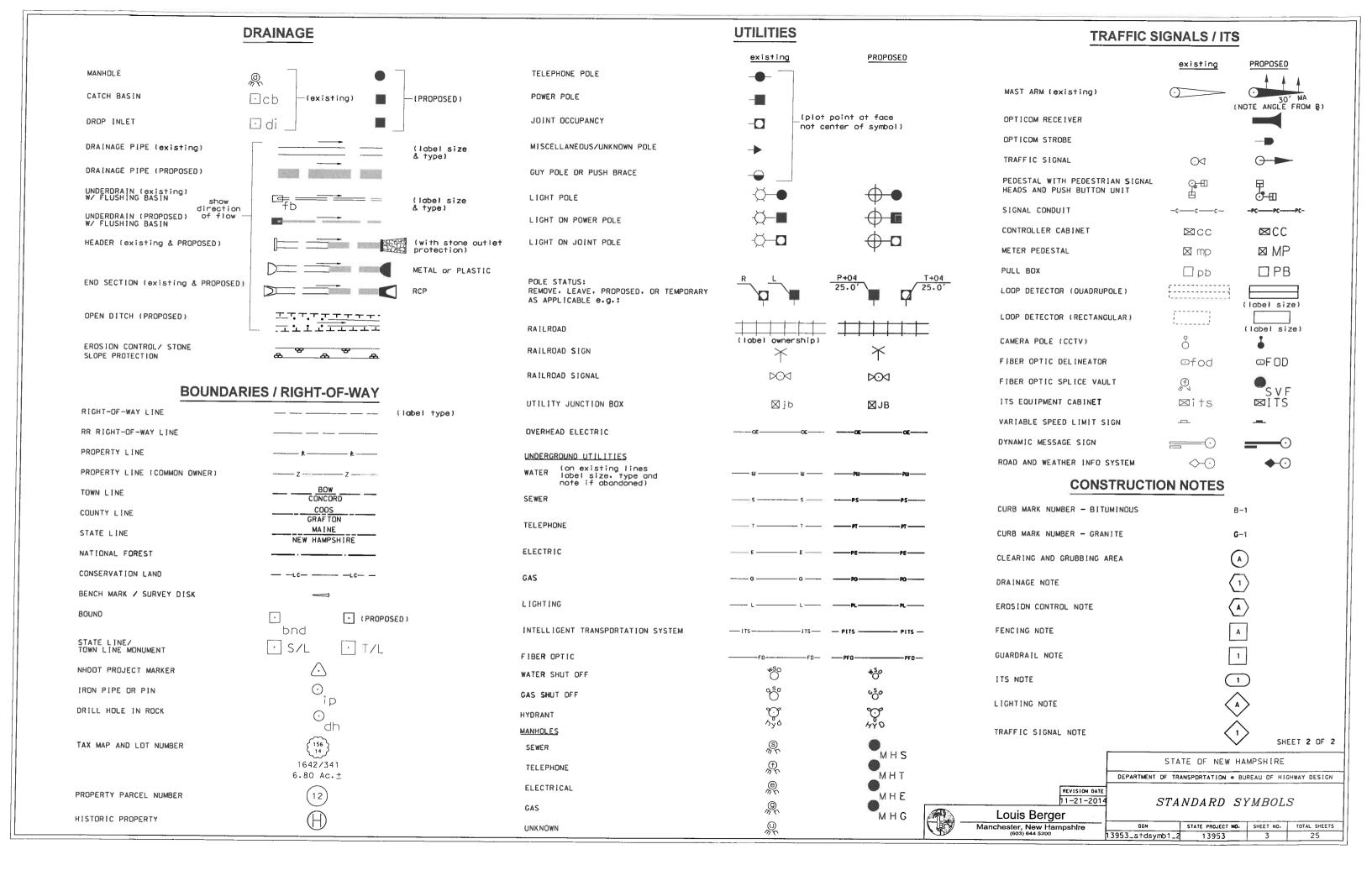
	BEDFORD 13953		
ITEM NUMBER		UNIT	QTY
650.2			
	STA. 186+30 - 191+00		
	Cornus amomum, Silky Dogwood, 4' Live Stakes	EA	140
	Alnus incana, Speckled Alder, 18" - 24" 1 gal. Potted Cont.	EA	140
	STA. 123+50 - 125+00		
	Cornus sericea, Red Osier Dogwood 4' Live Stakes	EA	30
	Salix exigua, Sand Bar Willow, 4' Live Stakes	EA	30
	Total Plants		340

notes:
Live stakes to be planted during dormancy (late fall to early spring).
Do not allow live stakes to dry out.
<u>Sta. 186+30 - 191+00</u>
Roadside - Begin plantings 5' up from ditch line, two rows in groups of 5 alternating species.
Back side - Plant a single row in groups of 5 alternating species.
Spacing 5' OC
Sta. 123+50 - 125+00
Roadside - Begin plantings 5' up from ditch line, two rows in groups of 5 alternating species.
Spacing 5' OC

Watering and mulch (3" depth) subsidiary to 650.2 spec







EROSION CONTROL STRATEGIES

- 1. ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS:
 - 1.1. THESE GUIDELINES DO NOT RELIEVE THE CONTRACTOR FROM COMPLIANCE WITH ANY CONTRACT PROVISIONS, OR APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.
 - THIS PROJECT WILL BE SUBJECT TO THE US EPA'S NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) STORM WATER CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT AS ADMINISTERED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA). THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO REQUIREMENTS IN THE MOST RECENT CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT (CGP).
 - THE CONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE NHDES WETLAND PERMIT. THE US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS PERMIT. WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION AND
 - THE CONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

 THE SPECIAL ATTENTION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

 ALL STORM WATER, EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NEW HAMPSHIRE STORMWATER. MANUAL, VOLUME 3, EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS DURING CONSTRUCTION (DECEMBER 2008) (BMP MANUAL) AVAILABLE FROM THE NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES (NHDES).
 - THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH RSA 485-A:17, AND ALL, PUBLISHED NHDES ALTERATION OF TERRAIN ENV-WO 1500 REQUIREMENTS (HTTP://DES.NH.GOV/ORGANIZATION/COMMISSIONER/LEGAL/RULES/INDEX.HTM)
- 1.6. THE CONTRACTOR IS DIRECTED TO REVIEW AND COMPLY WITH SECTION 107.1 OF THE CONTRACT AS IT REFERS TO SPILLAGE, AND ALSO WITH REGARDS TO EROSION. POLLUTION. AND TURBIDITY PRECAUTIONS.
- 2. STANDARD EROSION CONTROL SEQUENCING APPLICABLE TO ALL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS:
 - 2.1. PERIMETER CONTROLS SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO EARTH DISTURBING ACTIVITIES. PERIMETER CONTROLS AND STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXITS SHALL BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN IN THE BMP MANUAL AND AS DIRECTED BY THE STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) PREPARER.

 - EROSION, SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES AND INFILTRATION BASINS SHALL BE CLEANED, REPLACED AND AUGMENTED AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT SEDIMENTATION BEYOND PROJECT LIMITS THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT DURATION. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSPECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT AND SECTION 645 OF THE NHDDT SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGES CONSTRUCTION.
 - 2.4. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED STABLE IF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING HAS OCCURRED:

 (A) BASE COURSE GRAVELS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED IN AREAS TO BE PAVED:

 - (B) A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATED GROWTH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED: (C) A MINIMUM OF 3" OF NON-EROSIVE MATERIAL SUCH AS STONE OR RIP-RAP HAS BEEN INSTALLED:
 - (D) TEMPORARY SLOPE STABILIZATION CONFORMING TO TABLE 1 HAS BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED
 - 2.5. ALL STOCKPILES SHALL BE CONTAINED WITH A PERIMETER CONTROL. IF THE STOCKPILE IS TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED FOR MORE THAN 14 DAYS. MULCHING WILL BE RECUIRED.

 - 2.6. A WATER TRUCK SHALL BE AVAILABLE TO CONTROL EXCESSIVE DUST AT THE DIRECTION OF THE CONTRACT ADMINISTRATOR.
 2.7. TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL REMAIN UNTIL THE AREA HAS BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.
 2.8. CONSTRUCTION PERFORMED ANY TIME BETWEEN NOVEMBER 30° AND MAY 1" OF ANY YEAR SHALL BE CONSIDERED WINTER CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS
 - (A) ALL PROPOSED VEGETATED AREAS WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15%, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15". SHALL BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLE 1.
 - (B) ALL DITCHES OR SWALES WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15%. OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15% SHALL BE STABILIZED TEMPORARILY WITH STONE OR IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLE 1.

 - SHALL BE STABILIZED TEMPORARILT WITH STONE OR IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLE 1.

 (C) AFTER NOVEMBER 30" INCOMPLETE ROAD SURFACES, WHERE WORK HAS STOPPED FOR THE SEASON, SHALL BE PROTECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLE 1.

 (D) WINTER EXCAVATION AND EARTHWORK SHALL BE DONE SUCH THAT NO MORE THAN 1 ACRE OF THE PROJECT IS WITHOUT STABILIZATION AT ONE TIME, UNLESS A WINTER EXCAVATION PLAN HAS BEEN APPROVED BY NHOOT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF ENV-WO 1505.02 AND ENV-WO 1505.05.

 (E) A SWPPP AMENDMENT SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT, FOR APPROVAL, ADDRESSING COLD WEATHER STABILIZATION (ENV-WO 1505.05) AND INCLUDING THE REQUIREMENTS OF NO LESS THAN 30 DAYS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF WORK SCHEDULED AFTER NOVEMBER 30".

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION PLANNING AND SELECTION OF STRATEGIES TO CONTROL EROSION AND SEDIMENT ON HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

- 3. PLAN ACTIVITIES TO ACCOUNT FOR SENSITIVE SITE CONDITIONS:

 - 3.1. CLEARLY FLAG AREAS TO BE PROTECTED IN THE FIELD AND PROVIDE CONSTRUCTION BARRIERS TO PREVENT TRAFFICKING DUTSIDE OF WORK AREAS.

 3.2. CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE SEQUENCED TO LIMIT THE DURATION AND AREA OF EXPOSED SOILS.

 3.3. PROTECT AND MAXIMIZE EXISTING NATIVE VEGETATION AND NATURAL FOREST BUFFERS BETWEEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY AND SENSITIVE AREAS.

 3.4. WHEN WORK IS PERFORMED IN AND NEAR WATER COURSES. STREAM FLOW DIVERSION METHODS SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION OR FILLING.

 3.5. WHEN WORK IS PERFORMED WITHIN 50 FEET OF SURFACE WATERS (METHOD). OPEN WATER OR FLOWING WATER), PERIMETER CONTROL SHALL BE ENHANCED CONSISTENT WITH SECTION 2.1.2.1. OF THE 2022 NAMES CONSTRUCTION OF THE SECTION 2.1.2.1. OF THE 2022 NAMES OF THE SECTION OF THE 2022 NAMES OF THE SECTION 2.1.2.1. OF THE 2022 NAMES OF THE SECTION OF THE 2022 NAMES OF THE SECTION 2.1.2.1. OF THE 2022 NAMES OF THE SECTION OF THE 2022 NAMES OF THE 2022 NAMES OF THE SECTION OF THE 2022 NAMES OF WITH SECTION 2.1.2.1. OF THE 2012 NPDES CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT.
- 4. MINIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF EXPOSED SOIL:
 - CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE SEQUENCED TO LIMIT THE DURATION AND AREA OF EXPOSED SOILS. MINIMIZE THE AREA OF EXPOSED SOIL AT ANY ONE TIME. PHASING

 - SHALL BE USED TO REDUCE THE AMOUNT AND DURATION OF SOIL EXPOSED TO THE ELEMENTS AND VEHICLE TRACKING.

 UTILIZE TEMPORARY MULCHING OR PROVIDE ALTERNATE TEMPORARY STABILIZATION ON EXPOSED SOILS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLE 1.

 THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF DISTURBED EARTH SHALL NOT EXCEED A TOTAL OF 5 ACRES FROM MAY 1" THROUGH NOVEMBER 30". OR EXCEED ONE ACRE DURING WINTER MONTHS, UNLESS THE CONTRACTOR DEMONSTRATES TO THE DEPARTMENT THAT THE ADDITIONAL AREA OF DISTURBANCE IS NECESSARY TO MEET THE CONTRACTORS CRITICAL PATH METHOD SCHEDULE (CPM), AND THE CONTRACTOR HAS ADEQUATE RESOURCES AVAILABLE TO ENSURE THAT ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS WILL BE
- 5. CONTROL STORMWATER FLOWING ONTO AND THROUGH THE PROJECT:
 - 5.1. DIVERT OFF SITE RUNDEF OR CLEAN WATER AWAY FROM THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY TO REDUCE THE VOLUME THAT NEEDS TO BE TREATED ON SITE.
 - 5.2. DIVERT STORM RUNDEF FROM UPSLOPE DRAINAGE AREAS AWAY FROM DISTURBED AREAS, SLOPES, AND AROUND ACTIVE WORK AREAS AND TO A STABILIZED DUTLET
 - CONSTRUCT IMPERMEABLE BARRIERS AS NECESSARY TO COLLECT OR DIVERT CONCENTRATED FLOWS FROM WORK OR DISTURBED AREAS.
 - STABILIZE, TO APPROPRIATE ANTICIPATED VELOCITIES, CONVEYANCE CHANNELS OR PUMPING SYSTEMS NEEDED TO CONVEY CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER TO BASINS AND DISCHARGE LOCATIONS PRIOR TO USE.
- DIVERT OFF-SITE WATER THROUGH THE PROJECT IN AN APPROPRIATE MANNER SO NOT TO DISTURB THE UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM SOILS. VEGETATION OR HYDROLOGY BEYOND THE PERMITTED AREA.
- 6. PROTECT SLOPES:
 - 6.1. INTERCEPT AND DIVERT STORM RUNOFF FROM UPSLOPE DRAINAGE AREAS AWAY FROM UNPROTECTED AND NEWLY ESTABLISHED AREAS AND SLOPES TO A STABILIZED OUTLET OR CONVEYANCE.

 - CONSIDER HOW GROUNDWATER SEEPAGE ON CUT SLOPES MAY IMPACT SLOPE STABILITY AND INCORPORATE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO MINIMIZE EROSION.
- CONVEY STORMWATER DOWN THE SLOPE IN A STABILIZED CHANNEL OR SLOPE DRAIN.

 THE DUTER FACE OF THE FILL SLOPE SHOULD BE IN A LOOSE RUFFLED CONDITION PRIOR TO TURF ESTABLISHMENT. TOPSOIL OR HUMUS LAYERS SHALL BE TRACKED UP AND DOWN THE SLOPE, DISKED, HARROWED, DRAGGED WITH A CHAIN OR MAT, MACHINE—RAKED, OR HAND—WORKED TO PRODUCE A RUFFLED SURFACE.
- 7. ESTABLISH STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXITS:
- INSTALL AND MAINTAIN CONSTRUCTION EXITS, ANYWHERE TRAFFIC LEAVES A CONSTRUCTION SITE ONTO A PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- 7.2. SWEEP ALL CONSTRUCTION RELATED DEBRIS AND SOIL FROM THE ADJACENT PAVED ROADWAYS AS NECESSARY.
- - 8.1. DIVERT SEDIMENT LADEN WATER AWAY FROM INLET STRUCTURES TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE.
 8.2. INSTALL SEDIMENT BARRIERS AND SEDIMENT TRAPS AT INLETS TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM ENTERING THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM.
 - CLEAN CATCH BASINS. DRAINAGE PIPES. AND CULVERTS IF SIGNIFICANT SEDIMENT IS DEPOSITED.
 - DROP INLET SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHOULD NEVER BE USED AS THE PRIMARY MEANS OF SEDIMENT CONTROL AND SHOULD ONLY BE USED TO PROVIDE AN ADDITIONAL LEVEL OF PROTECTION TO STRUCTURES AND DOWN-GRADIENT SENSITIVE RECEPTORS.
- 9. SOIL STABILIZATION:
 - 9.1. WITHIN THREE DAYS OF THE LAST ACTIVITY IN AN AREA, ALL EXPOSED SOIL AREAS, WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETE, SHALL BE STABILIZED.
 9.2. IN ALL AREAS, TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS (SECTION 2.2) OF THE
 2012 COP. (SEE TABLE 1 FOR GUIDANCE ON THE SELECTION OF TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION MEASURES.)

 - EROSION CONTROL SEDD MIX SHALL BE SOWN IN ALL INACTIVE CONSTRUCTION AREAS THAT WILL NOT BE PERMANENTLY SEEDED WITHIN TWO WEEKS OF DISTURBANCE AND PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER 15. OF ANY GIVEN YEAR, IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION PRIOR TO THE END OF THE GROWING SEASON.

 SOIL TACKIFIERS MAY BE APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS AND REAPPLIED AS NECESSARY TO MINIMIZE SOIL AND MULCH LOSS UNTIL PERMANENT VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED.
- 10. RETAIN SEDIMENT ON-SITE AND CONTROL DEWATERING PRACTICES:
- RETAIN SEDIMENT ON-SITE AND CONTROL DEWATERING PRACTICES:

 10.1. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASINS (CGP-SECTION 2.1.3.2) OR SEDIMENT TRAPS (ENV-WO 1506.10) SHALL BE SIZED TO RETAIN, ON SITE, THE VOLUME OF A 2-YEAR 24-HOUR STORM EVENT FOR ANY AREA OF DISTURBANCE OR 3.600 CUBIC FEET OF STORMWATER RUNDFF PER ACRE OF DISTURBANCE, WHICHEVER IS GREATER. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASINS USED TO TREAT STORMWATER RUNDFF FROM AREAS CREATER THAN 5-ACRES OF DISTURBANCE SHALL BE SIZED TO ALSO CONTROL STORMWATER RUNDFF FROM A 10-YEAR 24 HOUR STORM EVENT. DN-SITE RETENTION OF THE 10-YEAR 24-HOUR EVENT IS NOT REQUIRED.

 10.2. CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE DEWATERING INFILTRATION BASINS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION THAT MAY REQUIRE DEWATERING.

 10.3. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASINS OR TRAPS SHALL BE PLACED AND STABILIZED AT LOCATIONS WHERE CONCENTRATED FLOW (CHANNELS AND PIPES) DISCHARGE TO THE SURROUNDING ENVIRONMENT FROM AREAS OF LINSTARI IZED FARTH DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.
- SURROUNDING ENVIRONMENT FROM AREAS OF UNSTABILIZED EARTH DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.

- 11. ADDITIONAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL GENERAL PRACTICES:
 11.1. USE TEMPORARY MULCHING, PERMANENT MULCHING, TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER, AND PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER TO REDUCE THE NEED FOR DUST CONTROL. USE MECHANICAL SWEEPERS ON PAVED SURFACES WHERE NECESSARY TO PREVENT DUST BUILDUP. APPLY WATER. OR OTHER DUST INHIBITING AGENTS OR TACKIFIERS. AS APPROVED BY THE NHOES.
 - 11.2. ALL STOCKPILES SHALL BE CONTAINED WITH TEMPORARY PERIMETER CONTROLS. INACTIVE SOIL STOCKPILES SHOULD BE PROTECTED WITH SOIL STABILIZATION MEASURES (TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL SEED MIX AND MULCH. SOIL BINDER) OR COVERED WITH ANCHORED TARPS.

 11.3. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE INSPECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 645 OF NHOOT SPECIFICATIONS. WEEKLY AND WITHIN 24 HOURS
 - AFTER ANY STORM EVENT GREATER THAN 0.25 IN. OF RAIN PER 24-HOUR PERIOD. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES WILL ALSO BE INSPECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GUIDANCE MEMO FROM THE NHDES CONTAINED WITHIN THE CONTRACT PROPOSAL AND THE EPA CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT.
 - 11.4. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD UTILIZE STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM ENTERING A STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM PRIDE TO THE PERMANENT
 - STABILIZATION OF THE CONTRIBUTING DISTURBED AREA.

 11.5. PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEASURES WILL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED IN LOCATIONS AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS TO STABILIZE AREAS.

 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED PERMANENTLY STABILIZED UNTIL VEGETATIVE GROWTH COVERS AT LEAST 85% OF THE DISTURBED AREA.
 - THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR ONE YEAR AFTER PROJECT COMPLETION.

 11.6. CATCH BASINS: CARE SHALL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT SEDIMENTS DO NOT ENTER ANY EXISTING CATCH BASINS DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL
 - PLACE TEMPORARY STONE INLET PROTECTION OVER INLETS IN AREAS OF SOIL DISTURBANCE THAT ARE SUBJECT TO SEDIMENT CONTAMINATION.

 11.7. TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT DITCHES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED. STABILIZED AND MAINTAINED IN A MANNER THAT WILL MINIMIZE SCOUR. TEMPORARY AND
 - PERMANENT DITCHES SHALL BE DIRECTED TO DRAIN TO SEDIMENT BASINS OR STORM WATER COLLECTION AREAS.

 11.8. WINTER EXCAVATION AND EARTHWORK ACTIVITIES NEED TO BE LIMITED IN EXTENT AND DURATION. TO MINIMIZE POTENTIAL EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION IMPACTS. THE AREA OF EXPOSED SOIL SHALL BE LIMITED TO ONE ACRE, OR THAT WHICH CAN BE STABILIZED AT THE END OF EACH DAY UNLESS A WINTER CONSTRUCTION PLAN, DEVELOPED BY A QUALIFIED ENGINEER OR A CPESC SPECIALIST, IS REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
 - PLANE DEVELOPED BY A GUALIFIED ENGINEER ON A GRESS STELLALLS). IS REVIEWED AND AFFRUYED BY IRE DEFAMIMENT.

 11.9. CHANNEL PROTECTION MEASURES SHALL BE SUPPLEMENTED WITH PERIMETER CONTROL MEASURES WHEN THE DITCH LINES OCCUR AT THE BOTTOM OF LONG FILL SLOPES. THE PERIMETER CONTROLS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE FILL SLOPE TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR FILL SLOPE SEDIMENT DEPOSITS IN THE DITCH

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMP) BASED ON AMOUNT OF OPEN CONSTRUCTION AREA

- 12. STRATEGIES SPECIFIC TO OPEN AREAS LESS THAN 5 ACRES!
 - 12.1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH RSA 485:A:17 AND ENV-WO 1500: ALTERATION OF TERRAIN FOR CONSTRUCTION AND USE ALL CONVENTIONAL BMP STRATEGIES.
 - 12.2. SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1 WILL RECEIVE TURF ESTABLISHMENT WITH MATTING.

 - 12.3. SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER WILL RECEIVE TURF ESTABLISHMENT ALONE.
 12.4. AREAS WHERE HAUL ROADS ARE CONSTRUCTED AND STORMWATER CANNOT BE TREATED THE DEPARTMENT WILL CONSIDER INFILTRATION.
 - 12.5. FOR HAUL ROADS ADJACENT TO SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTAL AREAS OR STEEPER THAN 5%. THE DEPARTMENT WILL CONSIDER USING EROSION STONE, CRUSHED GRAVEL, OR CRUSHED STONE BASE TO HELP MINIMIZE EROSION ISSUES.
 - 12.6. ALL AREAS THAT CAN BE STABILIZED SHALL BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO OPENING UP NEW TERRITORY.
 - 12.7. DETENTION BASINS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED TO ACCOMMODATE A 2 YEAR STORM EVENT.
- 13. STRATEGIES SPECIFIC TO OPEN AREAS BETWEEN 5 AND 10 ACRES:
 - 13-1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH RSA 485:A:17 AND ENV-WO 1500 ALTERATION OF TERRAIN AND SHALL USE CONVENTIONAL BMP STRATEGIES AND ALL TREATMENT OPTIONS USED FOR UNDER 5 ACRES WILL BE UTILIZED.

 - 13.2. DETENTION BASINS WILL BE CONSTRUCTED TO ACCOMMODATE THE 2-YEAR 24-HOUR STORM EVENT AND CONTROL A 10-YEAR 24-HOUR STORM EVENT.

 13.3. SLOPES STEEPER THAN A 3:1 WILL RECEIVE TURF ESTABLISHMENT WITH MATTING OR OTHER TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION MEASURES DETAILED IN TABLE 1.

 THE CONTRACTOR MAY ALSO CONSIDER A SOIL BINDER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NHOES APPROVALS OR REGULATIONS. OTHER ALTERNATIVE MEASURES, SUCH AS
 - BONDED FIBER MATRIXES (BFMS) OR FLEXIBLE GROWTH MEDIUMS (FGMS) MAY BE UTILIZED. IF MEETING THE NHDES APPROVALS AND REGULATIONS.

 13.4. SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER WILL RECEIVE TURF ESTABLISHMENT OR OTHER TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION MEASURES DETAILED IN TABLE 1. THE CONTRACTOR MAY ALSO CONSIDER A SOIL BINDER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NHOES APPROVALS OR REGULATIONS.
- 14. STRATEGIES SPECIFIC TO OPEN AREAS OVER 10 ACRES:
 - 14.1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH RSA 485:A:17 AND ENV-WO 1500 ALTERATION OF TERRAIN AND SHALL USE CONVENTIONAL BMP STRATEGIES AND ALL TREATMENT OPTIONS USED FOR UNDER 5 ACRES AND BETWEEN 5 AND 10 ACRES WILL BE UTILIZED.
 - 14.2. THE DEPARTMENT ANTICIPATES THAT SOIL BINDERS WILL BE NEEDED ON ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:7. IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE EROSION AND REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF SEDIMENT IN THE STORMWATER TREATMENT BASINS.
 - THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO HAVE AN APPROVED DESIGN IN ACCORDANCE WITH ENV-WO 1506.12 FOR AN ACTIVE FLOCCULANT TREATMENT SYSTEM TO TREAT AND RELEASE WATER CAPTURED IN STORM WATER BASINS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO RETAIN THE SERVICES OF AN ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANT WHO HAS DEMONSTRATED EXPERIENCE IN THE DESIGN OF FLOCCULANT TREATMENT SYSTEMS. THE CONSULTANT WILL ALSO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION AND MONITORING OF THE SYSTEM.

TABLE 1 GUIDANCE ON SELECTING TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION MEASURES

APPLICATION AREAS		DRY MULCH METHODS			HYDRAL	HYDRAULICALLY APPLIED MULCHES 2				ROLLED EROSION	CONTROL BLA	BLANKETS
	ТМН	WC	SG	СВ	нм	SMM	ВЕМ	FRM	SNSB	DNSB	DNSCB	DNCB
SLOPES 1				· <u>·</u>						1		
STEEPER THAN 2:1	NO	ND	YES	ND	NO	ND	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	YES
2:1 SLOPE	YES'	YES'	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES
3:1 SLOPE	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO
4:1 SLOPE	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO	NO
WINTER STABILIZATION	4T/AC	YES	YES	YES	NO	ND	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
CHANNELS				•		-					·	
LOW FLOW CHANNELS	NO.	ND	NO	ND	NO	NO	NO	ND	NO	NO	YES	YES
HIGH FLOW CHANNELS	NO .	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	ND	NO	NO	NO	YES

ABBREV.	STABILIZATION MEASURE	ABBREV.	STABILIZATION MEASURE	ABBREV.	STABILIZATION MEASURE
нмт	HAY MULCH & TACK	НМ	HYDRAULIC MULCH	SNSB	SINGLE NET STRAW BLANKET
WC	WOOD CHIPS	SMM	STABILIZED MULCH MATRIX	DNSB	DOUBLE NET STRAW BLANKET
SG	STUMP GRINDINGS	ВЕМ	BONDED FIBER MATRIX	DNSCB	2 NET STRAW-COCONUT BLANKET
СВ	COMPOST BLANKET	FRM	FIBER REINFORCED MEDIUM	DNCB	2 NET COCONUT BLANKET

- 1. ALL SLOPE STABILIZATION OPTIONS ASSUME A SLOPE LENGTH <10 TIMES THE HORIZONTAL DISTANCE COMPONENT OF THE SLOPE. IN FEET.
- 2. PRODUCTS CONTAINING POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM) SHALL NOT BE APPLIED DIRECTLY TO OR WITHIN 100 FEET OF ANY SURFACE
- WATER WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE NH DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES. 3. ALL EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS SHALL BE MADE WITH WILDLIFE FRIENDLY BIDDEGRADABLE NETTING.

REVISED NOV. 3, 2016

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION . BUREAU OF HIGHWAY DESIGN WETLAND IMPACT PLANS

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

REVISION DATE	DGN	STATE PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
12-21-2015		13953	4	25

	C. AC. BOOLE	DESCRIPTION		Line Control of the C	
REVISIONS AFTER PROPOSAL	ON STATION				
	NUMBER DATE STATION				
DATE	DATE 08/23/16	DATE 08/23/16	DATE		
SED	SETTING TO SET	SHEET CHECKED LSF	AS BUILT DETAILS		

				AREA			LINEAR FEET	OF IMPACTS	
WETLAND DESIGNATION	LOCATION		PERMANENT IMPACTS N.H.W.B. (NON-WETLAND) PERMANENT IMPACTS N.H.W.B. & A.C.O.E. (WETLAND)		TEMPORARY IMPACTS	PERMANENT IMPACTS CHANNEL	PERMANENT IMPACTS BANK	TEMPORARY IMPACTS CHANNEL	TEMPORAR IMPACTS BANK
			SF	SF	SF	LF	LF	LF	LF
3A	BANK	A	6922			-	373	LF	<u> </u>
3B	BANK	G	3178				169		
7	R2UB3	D			1095			42	
7	R2UB3	Н		217		27			
7C	BANK	D1	708				41		
8	PEM1	В		-	458				
8	PEM1	С		1083					
11	PEM1	E			1805				
11	PEM1	F		2840					
12	PSS1	I		102					
13	R2UB3	M		121		21			
13	R2UB3	<u>N</u>			123			31	
13A	BANK	L	377				50		
13A	BANK	00	 		364				36
14	R2UB3	K		1609		155			
14A	BANK		3786				259		
15	PSS1	Р			2371				
15	PSS1	Q		7616					
16	PFO1	R			201				
16 17	PFO1	T		2343					
17	PSS1	<u>S</u>	-	6761					
18	PSS1	V V			2491	-			
18	PEM1 PEM1	v	-	1004	280				
19	PEM1	Z		1884					
20	PFO1	AA		3554	1026				
20	PFO1	AB		4139	1026				
21	PEM1	X		1309					
21	PEM1	Y		1303	1209				
23	PEM1	AE			628			+	
23	PEM1	AC		1077	020				
23	PEM1	AD		10//	477				
24	PFO1	AF		10174					
24	PFO1	AG	-		2002		<u> </u>		
25	PSS1	AH		1324	2002				
25	PSS1	Al			640				
26	PEM1	Ai		350					
27	PEM1	AK		3068		+			
28	PEM1	AL		12151	-				
28	PEM1	AM			3237		*		
29	PFO1	AO		276			,		
29	PFO1	AN			183				A
30	PSS1	AP			233				
30	PSS1	AQ		325					
31	PEM1	AR		3243					
31	PEM1	AS			516				
35	PEM1	AW		10124					
35	PEM1	AX			1002				
36	PFO1	AT		5231					
36	PFO1	AT1		1022					
36	PFO1	AZ			1898				
36	PFO1	AZ1			433				
37	PEM1	AU		25661					
37	PEM1	AV			7891				

				AREA	LINEAR FEET OF IMPACTS					
			PERMANEN	T IMPACTS						
WETLAND DESIGNATION	WETLAND CLASSIFICATION	LOCATION	N.H.W.B. (NON-WETLAND)	N.H.W.B. &	TEMPORARY IMPACTS	PERMANENT IMPACTS CHANNEL	PERMANENT IMPACTS BANK	TEMPORARY IMPACTS CHANNEL	TEMPORARY IMPACTS BANK	
			SF	SF	SF	LF	LF	LF	LF	
40	PSS1	BA BA		5944						
40	PSS1	ВВ			4139					
41	PEM1	BC	<u> </u>	5421						
41	PEM1	BD	 		3016					
42 42	PUB3	BG		1240	628					
43	PUB3 PAB4	BH BE		1248						
43	PAB4	BF	-	1392	1000					
44	PFO1	BI		982	1088					
44	PFO1	BJ			595					
45	PEM1	BL		1554	393					
45	PEM1	BM		1554	457					
47	PUB3	BP		1473	437					
48	PSS1	BN		1542						
48	PSS1	во			1845					
50	PEM1	BQ		1180						
51	PEM1	BR		237						
52	PEM1	BU		1674						
52	PEM1	BV			990					
53	PFO1	BS			2003					
53	PFO1	BW		3213						
54	PEM1	BZ		14300						
54	R2UB3	BZ1		3991		518	460			
54	BANK	BZ2	1429				410			
54	PEM1	CA			6922			44		
55	PEM1	BX		1751						
55 56	PEM1	BY			2780					
	PEM1	CB		467						
57 57	PFO1 R2UB3	CC1		192		75				
57	BANK	CC2	135	247		26	22			
57	PFO1	CD	133		246		25			
57	R2UB3	CD1			348 202			- 37	70	
58	R2UB3	CG		194	202	27		27	70	
58	BANK	CG1	164	104		21	50			
58	R2UB3	CH	107		34		30	5		
58A	BANK	CI			805			 	58	
58A	BANK	CJ CJ	2471				140		30	
59	PFO1	CE		135			170			
60A	BANK	СК	319				47			
							7.			

WETLAND IMPACT SUMMARY

	WETLAND CLASSIFICATION CODES						
PAB4	PALUSTRINE AQUATIC BED, FLOATING VASCULAR						
PEM1	PALUSTRINE EMERGENT, PERSISTENT						
PFO1	PALUSTRINE FORESTED WETLAND, BROAD-LEAVED DECIDUOUS						
PSS1	PALUSTRINE SCRUB-SHRUB SWAMP, BROAD-LEAVED DECIDUOUS						
PUB3	PALUSTRINE UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM, MUD						
R2UB3	RIVERINE LOWER PERENNIAL, UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM, COBBLE/GRAVE						
R4SB5	RIVERINE INTERMITTENT STREAMBED, MUD						

Permanent Impacts: 179135 SF Temporary Impacts: 56416 SF

65

Total Impacts: 235551 SF

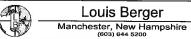
PEM1

Channel Permanent Impacts: 774 LF Bank Permanent Impacts: 2046 LF Channel Temporary Impacts: 149 LF Bank Temporary Impacts: 164 LF

Total Impacts: 3133 LF

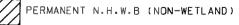


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LEGEND

PERMANENT N.H.W.B & A.C.O.E (WETLAND)





REVISED NOV. 3, 2016

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION . BUREAU OF HIGHWAY DESIGN WETLAND IMPACT SUMMARY

AND CLASSIFICATION TABLE

WETTABLE 01 13953 5 25

